

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

**STANDING ORDER FOR CIVIL PRACTICE  
DEPOSITION GUIDELINES**

This Standing Order applies to all depositions in all matters assigned to Judge Jeffrey S. White and is intended to supplement the Civil Local Rules of this District regarding civil practice (Civil L. R. 30-1 and 30-2).

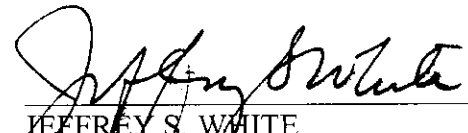
Depositions shall be conducted in accordance with the following rules:

1. **Conduct.** Counsel are expected to cooperate with and be courteous to each other and deponents. Each party should designate one attorney to conduct the principal examination of the deponent. Counsel should cooperate in the allocation of time to comply with any time limit set by the Court.
2. **Stipulations.** Unless contrary to an order of the Court, the parties may stipulate in writing to modify any practice relating to noticing or conducting a deposition. Stipulations for extension of discovery cut-offs set by the Court are not permitted, absent leave of Court. If counsel enter into stipulations at the beginning of the deposition, the terms of the stipulation should be fully stated on the record.
3. **Scheduling.** Absent extraordinary circumstances, before noticing a deposition, the noticing party must consult with opposing counsel and unrepresented proposed deponents to schedule depositions at mutually convenient times and places. Where an agreement cannot be reached and barring exigent circumstances, the party seeking the deposition may notice it at least twenty (20) days in advance. If the noticed date and place is unacceptable to the deponent or deponent's counsel, the deponent or deponent's counsel shall within ten (10) days of receipt of the notice, reply and counter-propose in writing with an alternative date and place falling within thirty (30) days of the date noticed by the party seeking the deposition.
4. **Objections and Instructions Not to Answer.** Counsel shall comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(1). Deposition objections may be made as to privilege or may be made in order to preserve the objection. Speaking objections or those calculated to coach the deponent are prohibited. A person may instruct a deponent not to answer a question only when necessary to preserve a privilege, to enforce a limitation directed by the Court, or to present a motion under Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(4). When a privilege is claimed, the witness should nevertheless answer questions relevant to the existence, extent or waiver of the privilege, such as the date of the communication, who made the statement, to whom and in whose presence the statement was made, other persons to whom the contents of the statement have been disclosed, and the general subject matter of the statement,

unless such information itself is privileged. Counsel may be subject to sanctions if they consistently impede, or otherwise unreasonably delay, the fair examination of the deponent.

5. **Private Consultation.** Private conferences between deponents and their attorneys in the course of deposition are improper and prohibited except for the sole purpose of determining whether a privilege should be asserted.
6. **Documents.** Witnesses subpoenaed to produce documents should ordinarily be served at least 30 days before the scheduled deposition and arrangements should be made to permit inspection of the documents before the deposition commences. Extra copies of documents used during the deposition should ordinarily be provided to opposing counsel and the deponent. Deponents should be shown a document before being examined about it except when counsel seek to impeach or test the deponent's recollection.
7. **Marking of Exhibits.** Counsel shall comply strictly with Civil L. R. 30-2 and, at the outset of the case, shall meet and confer regarding the sequential numbering system that will be used for exhibits throughout the litigation and during trial. Documents shall be referred to by the Bates-stamp number assigned by the document depository.
8. **Waiver of Transcription and Filing.** The parties and deponents are authorized and encouraged to waive transcription and filing of depositions that prove to be of little or no usefulness in the litigation or to agree to defer transcription and filing until the need for using the deposition arises.
9. **Requests for Intervention by the Court.** If a dispute arises during a deposition and involves a persistent obstruction of the deposition or a refusal to answer a material question on the basis of any ground other than privilege or the work product doctrine, counsel may arrange a telephonic conference with the Court through Chambers at (415) 522-4160. Any such conference shall be attended by the court reporter recording the deposition.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

  
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JEFFREY S. WHITE  
United States District Court